IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA COLUMBIA DIVISION

United States of America,) CRIMINAL NO. 3:06-671-CM
v.	OPINION and ORDER
Dion Y. Chowyuk,)
Defendant.)))

This matter is before the court on Defendant's motion requesting termination of supervised release. ECF No. 421 (filed Dec. 11, 2013). The United Probation Office has notified this court that Defendant has been placed on an administrative caseload and has not yet completed two (2) years of the four (4) year period of supervised release and, accordingly, recommended that termination of supervision not be granted at this time. The United States Attorney has indicated that it defers to the position of the United States Probation Office.

Title 18 United States Code Section 3583(e) provides that

The court may, after considering the factors set forth in section 3553(a)(1), (a)(2)(B), (a)(2)(C), (a)(2)(D), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), and (a)(7)--

(1) terminate a term of supervised release and discharge the defendant released at any time after the expiration of one year of supervised release, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure relating to the modification of probation, if it is satisfied that such action is warranted by the conduct of the defendant released and the interest of justice

Considerations contained in § 3553 include, *inter alia*, the nature and circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant; the ability to afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct; the need to protect the public from further crimes of the defendant; and the need to provide the defendant with needed educational or vocational training, medical care, or other

correctional treatment in the most effective manner. 18 U.S.C. § 3553.

"The plain language of the statute illustrates that § 3583(e), in the typical case, allows a

conduct-based inquiry into the continued necessity for supervision after the individual has served

one full year on supervised release." *United States v. Pregent*, 190 F.3d 279, 282-83 (4th Cir. 1999).

However, the statute

is not exclusively limited to considerations of conduct. The language of the statute notes that the district court 'may' terminate supervised release 'if it is satisfied that such action is warranted by the conduct of the defendant released and the interest of justice.' The phrase 'the interest of justice' does give the district court latitude to consider a broad range of factors in addition to an individual's behavior in

considering whether to terminate the supervised release period.

Id. at 283 (citation omitted).

Defendant is employed and appears to be in full compliance with the other conditions of his

supervision. However, Defendant has not yet completed half of the term of supervised release

imposed as part of his original sentence. If Defendant completes without incident three of the four

years of supervised release which were imposed as part of his original sentence, the court will

consider exercising its discretion and terminating Defendant's supervised release at that time.

Defendant's motion for termination of supervised release is therefore denied without prejudice to

Defendant's right to re-petition the court for termination of supervision at that time.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Cameron McGowan Currie

CAMERON McGOWAN CURRIE

SENIOR UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Columbia, South Carolina

December 19, 2013

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